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The People's Press.

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The People's Press.

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Sam Bates and Sally Jones.

Esquire Jones, a small farmer in our vicinity, had a daughter, as pretty and buxom a lass as ever thumped butter-milk in a churn; and whether you saw her carrying eggs to market on a flea-bitten mare, or helping to stir apple-butter at a boiling frolic, or making a long reach at a quilting, or sitting demurely in the log meeting-house on a Sunday—in short, wherever you saw her she always looked as pretty, if not prettier, than she had ever done before.

Notwithstanding her attractions, it will scarcely be credited that Sally had reached the mature age of eighteen without an avowed suitor. Admirers, nay lovers, she had by the score; and whenever liquor was convenient, many a sober youth got drunk because of her, and many a sighing bachelor would willingly have given his riding-horse, or even his share in Dad's farm for her. There was, indeed, no lack of will on their part; the difficulty was in mustering up courage to make the proposal. Mankind seemed, for once, to be impressed with a proper sense of its own unworthiness. Now, far be it from any one to infer from this that Sally was proudish or unapproachable. On the contrary, she was as good humored as a comedy, and disposed to be loving as she was lovable. Poor Sally! it is a great misfortune for a girl to be too handsome; almost as great as to be too ugly. There she was, sociable and warm-hearted as a pigeon, amiable as a turtle-dove, looking soft encouragement, as plainly as maiden modesty permitted, to her bashful company of admirers, who dawdled about her, twiddled their thumbs, biting the bark off their riding switches, and playing a number of other sheepish tricks, but saying never a word to the purpose.

Sally was entering on her nineteenth year when she was one day heard to observe, that men were the meanest, slowest, cowardliest, or scariest creatures; in short, good for nothing but to lay under an apple-tree with their mouths open, and wait until the apples dropped into them.

This observation was circulated from mouth to mouth, and like the riddle of a Sphinx, was deeply pondered by Sally's lovers. If any of them had wit enough to solve its meaning, certainly no one had pluck enough to prove the answer.

Not of this poor-spirited crowd was Sam Bates, a stalwart youth, who stood, in winter, six feet two inches in his stockings (in summer he didn't wear any.) Sam was not handsome in the ordinary sense of the term. He was freckled, had a big mouth, and carroty hair. His feet—but no matter, he usually bought number fourteen and a half boots because they fit him better than sevens or eights. Sam was a wagon-maker by profession, owned a flourishing shop and several hundred acres of unimproved land, which secured to him the reputation of independence. For the rest, he was a roystering blade, a good rider, a crack shot with the rifle, and an accomplished fiddler. Bold to the confines of impudence, he was a favorite of the fair; with a heart as big as his foot, and a fist like a sledge-hammer he was the acknowledged beau of the pine hill country.

Mr. Bates met Sally Jones for the first time at a quilting, and in sixty seconds after sight he had determined to court her. He sat beside her as she stitched, and even had the audacity to squeeze her hand under the quilt. Truth is mighty, and must be told. Although Sally did resent the impertinence by a stick with her needle, she was not half so indignant as she ought to have been. I dare not say she was pleased, but perhaps I should not be far from the truth if I did. It is undeniable that the more she admires courage and boldness in the other sex—Sally blushed every time her eyes met those of her new beau, and that was as often as she looked up. As for Sam, the longer he gazed the deeper he sunk in the mire of love, and by the end of the evening his heart and his confidence were both completely overwhelmed. As he undertook to see Sally home, he felt a numbness in his joints that was entirely new to him, and when he tried to make known his sentiments as he had previously determined, he found his heart was so swelled up that it closed his throat, and he could not utter a word.

'What a darned, cursed sneak I was!' groaned Sam, as he turned that night on his sleepless pillow. 'What's come over me that I can't speak my mind to a pretty gal without a chokin'? O Lord! but she is too pretty to live on this airth. Well, I'm a goin' to church with her tomorrow; and if I don't fix matters afore I get back, then drat me.'

It is probable Sam Bates never had hearkened to the story of Rassellas, 'Prince of Abyssinia,' or he would have been less credulous while thus listening to the whispers of fancy, and less ready to take it for granted that the delays of the day would be supplied by the morrow. To-morrow came, and in time Mr. Bates, tricked out in a bran new twelve dollar suit of Jew's clothes, was on his way to meeting beside the beautiful Sally. His horse, bedecked with a new leather bridle, and a new saddle with brass stirrups looked as gay as his master. As they rode up to the meeting-house door, Sam could not forbear casting a triumphant glance at the crowd of Sally's adorers that stood around filled with mortification and envy at his successful audacity. Sally's face was roseate with pleasure and bashfulness.

'Stop a minute, now, Miss Sally; I'll jist get down and lift ye off!'

Sam essayed to dismount, but in so doing found that both feet were hopelessly fast in the stirrups. His face swelled and reddened like a turkey gobbler's. In vain he twisted and kicked; the crowd was expectant; Sally was waiting. Gosh darn the stirrup! exclaimed Sam, endeavoring to break the leathers with his desperate kicks. At this unwonted exclamation Sally looked up and saw her beau's predicament. The bystanders began to snicker. Sally was grieved and indignant. Bouncing out of her saddle, in a twinkling she handed her entrapped escort a stone. 'Here Sammy, you chunk your foot out with this!'

Oh, Sally Jones, into what an error did your kind heart betray you, to offer this untimely civility in the presence of the assembled county—admirers, rivals and all!

Sam took the stone and struck a frantic blow at the pertinacious stirrup, but missing his aim, it fell with crushing force upon a soft corn that had come from his wearing tight boots. 'Whoa, darn ye!' cried he, losing all control of himself, and threatening to beat his horses brains out with the stone.

'Don't strike the critter so, Sammy, said old Jones; you'll gin him the poll evil; but jist let me ungirth the saddle, and we'll get yo loose in no time.'

In short, the saddle was unbuckled, and Sam dismounted with his feet still fast in the stirrups, looking like a criminal in foot hobbies. With some labor he pulled off his boots, squeezed them out of the stirrups and pulled them on again. The tender Sally stood by, all the while manifesting the kindest concern; and when he was finally extricated, she took his arm and walked into church. But this unlucky adventure was too much for Sam; he sneaked out of meeting during the first prayer, pulled off his boots, and rode home in his stockings. From this time Sam disappeared from society. Literally and metaphorically he shut up shop, and hung up his fiddle. He did not take to liquor like a fool, but took to his axe and cleared I don't know how many acres of rugged land, heavy timbered land, and thereby increasing the value of his tract to the amount of several hundred dollars. Sally indirectly sent him divers civil messages, intimating that she took no account of that little incident at the meeting-house, and at length ventured on a direct present of a pair of gray yarn stockings, knit with her own hands. But while every effort to win him back to the world was unsuccessful, the yarn stockings were a great comfort in his self-imposed exile. Sam wore them continually, not on his feet, as some matter-of-fact booby might suppose, but in his bosom, and often, during the intervals of his work in the lonely clearing, would he draw them out and ponder on them until a big tear gathered in his eye. 'Oh, Sally Jones, Sally Jones! if I had only the spunk to have courted ye Saturday night, instead of waiting till Sunday morning, things might have been different!' and then he would pick up his axe, and whack into the next tree with energy of despair.

At length the whole country was electrified by the announcement that Farmer Jones had concluded to sell out and go West. On the day appointed for the sale there couldn't have been less than a hundred horses tethered in his barn-yard. Sam Bates was there, looking as uneasy as a pig in a strange corn-field. Sally might have been a little thinner than usual, just enough to heighten rather than diminish her charms. It was generally known that she was averse to moving West. In fact, she took no pains to conceal her sentiments on the subject, and her pretty eyes were evidently red with recent weeping. She looked mournfully around at each familiar object. The old homestead, with its chucked and daubed walls; the cherry-trees under which she had played in her childhood; the flowers she had planted; and then to see the dear old furniture auctioned off—the churn, the apple-butter pot, the venerable quilting frame, the occasion of so many social gatherings. But harder than all was when her own white cow was put up; her pet that, when a calf, she had saved from the butcher—it was too much, and the tears trickled afresh down Sally's blooming cheeks. 'Ten dollars, ten dollars for the cow!' 'Fifty dollars!' shouted Bates.

'What, Sammy,' whispered a prudent neighbor, 'she hain't worth twenty at the outside.'

'I'll gin fifty for her,' replied Sam, doggedly.

Now when Sally heard of this piece of gallantry, she must needs thank the purchaser for the compliment, and commend Suky to his especial kindness. Then she extended her plump hand, which Sam seized with such a devouring grip that the little maiden could scarcely suppress a scream. She did suppress it, however, that she might hear whether he had anything further to say; but she was disappointed. He turned away dumb, swallowing as it were, great hunks of grief as big as dumplings. When everything was sold off, and dinner was over, the company disposed itself about the yard in groups, reclining on the grass or seated on benches and dismantled furniture. The conversation naturally turned on the events of the day and the prospects of Jones' family, and it was unanimously voted a cussed pitty that so fine a girl as Sally should be permitted to leave the country so evidently against her will.

'Hain't none of you sneaking whelps the spirit to stop her? asked the white headed miller, addressing a group of young bachelors lying near. The louts snickered, turned over, whispered to each other, but no one showed any disposition to try the experiment.

The sun was declining in the west. Some of those living at a distance were already gone to harness up their horses. To-morrow the Belle of the Valley would be on her way to Missouri. Just then Sally rushed from the house, with a face all excitement, a step all determination. Arrived at the middle of the yard, she mounted the reversed apple-butter kettle: 'I don't want to go West—I don't—I don't want to leave North Carolina, and I won't leave, if there's a man among ye that has spunk enough to ask mo to stay.'

Scarcely had she finished her patriotic address when there was a general rush. The less active were trampled over like puffed goat-skins at a bacchanalian festival: 'Miss Sally, I axes you; Miss Sally, I spoke first;' 'I bespeaks her for my own son Bill,' squeaks an octogenarian, struggling forward to seize her arm. To hide her confusion. Sally covered her face with her apron, when she felt a strong arm thrown around her, and heard a stentorian voice shout, 'She's mine, by gauley.'

Sam Bates cleared a swath as if he had been in a grain-field, bore his unresisting prize into the house, and slammed the door on the cheering crowd.

The wedding came off that night, and on the following morning Sam rode home, driving his white cow before, and carrying his wife behind him.

The Courage Required to Wear an Old Dress.

Ah! you do not know how much courage a woman needs who makes up her mind to be always plainly dressed; you do not know what innumerable and irresistible temptations she is obliged to resist every moment. To be wise with regard to dress is to be sublime. To pass by an attractive shop and to see hung in the window a fascinating toilet that excites your admiration; to devour this charming prey with your eyes; to build all kinds of castles-in-Spain with regard to it; to dress yourself, in your mind, with its coquettish laces, its gay ribbons, and to say to yourself, 'I will put two rosettes in my hair; the white ribbon will do for the scarf, and I will use the lace for the waist and the sleeves,' and then suddenly to tear yourself violently away from such culpable thoughts, to reproach yourself about them, as though you had been committing a crime, and then to fly courageously and heart-broken away from the temptation without even stopping to ask its price. This requires more strength of soul than to wage in terrible combats. A remark which we heard the other day, made with a stoical resignation and noble humility, seemed to us to equal the grandest words of the antique Spartan and Roman heroines. A woman was going to a ball, to a magnificent fete, and she was busy selecting materials for her dress from a quantity of soft, shimmering silky stuffs, which her eyes were devouring with delight. She asked the price of them; it was very high. Then, pushing them sadly away with the tips of her fingers, she said, with a sigh, 'It's too dear—I will wear my old dress!' My old dress! Do you feel how much sad resignation lies under those words?

—A babe was born in Erie, Pa., on May 23d, without a head, but otherwise fully developed. It weighs about seven pounds and is considered a splendid pathological specimen. There is an excresence protruding from the top of the trunk between the shoulders where the neck ought to be, which has two large eyes, a nose and mouth with hair lip. There is no occipital or parietal bones, no brain. In a sitting posture the child resembles a huge frog.

—Ladies' small-sized traveling trunks are now called by baggage men, 'Saratoga Freight Cars.'

Keep Your Mouth Shut.

The peculiar arrangement of the narrowed and branched and delicately furnished nasal passages are specially suited to strain the air and to warm it as it enters the lungs. The foul air and sickening effluvia which one meets in a day's travel through the crowded city are breathed with greater impunity through the nose than through the mouth. Raw air, inhaled through the month, induces hoarseness, coughs, etc.

The great actor Cooke, when dying, told his friend and faithful attendant, Broster, that although he could make him no bequest in money, he would give him something worth money. He then advised Broster to step up as a teacher of elocution, and to impart to his pupils, on condition of a large fee, and a solemn promise not to divulge it, the secret of his (Cooke's) extraordinary powers of voice and its unflagging quality, which was to carry on respiration through the nostrils, so as not to dry or irritate the delicate organs of the voice. Broster took this advice, and used it so well as to retire with a fortune. He made every young clergyman, who took lessons, sign a bond that in the event of his becoming a bishop he would pay a further fee of 100 guineas. John Thelwall inherited the secret from Broster, and used it with similar reserve and profit; but his son, on being appointed a college lecturer on public reading and speaking, disclosed the secret to all his pupils as a thing of the greatest importance to them.

Mr. Pitman gives an epitome of the experience of Mr. George Catlin in his travels among the Indians, of whom he visited 150 tribes. Everywhere he found the Indian women careful to press together the lips of their children after leaving the breast, and before being suspended in their narrow cradles in the open air, and he found it to be a very rare thing to hear of a death during childhood among any of the tribes, before strong drinks and new diseases were introduced among them by the whites. It is said that no animal but man ever sleeps with his mouth open, and that the lungs need a degree of rest from labor which they get with moderate inhalation that with a low pulse, attends perfect nightly repose.

Mr. Catlin attributes his escape from malarial fevers, and his actual recovery from pulmonary weakness, to a strict observance of the rule to keep the lips and teeth closely shut. When he went to the wilderness he was feeble. He found himself compelled to sleep in the open, dewy air. His one main precaution secured the entire restoration of health and vigor. He found that the Indians had good teeth, which remained sound to old age, and that there were no stutterers among them.

In his closing paragraphs he advises that mothers at home, and teachers in seminaries, should make nightly rounds as long as necessary to put a stop to the unnatural, dangerous and disgusting habit of sleeping with the mouth open. "No one who has been snoring through the night feels properly refreshed in the morning. Keep your mouths shut, my young readers—when you read you write, when you listen, when you are walking or riding, and by all means when you are angry."

A Remedy for Scarlet Fever.

Dr. E. Woodruff, for nineteen years a practicing physician at Grand Rapids, Michagan, furnishes the Springfield (Ill.,) *Journal* the following: "Wash the child from head to foot with strong sal-soda water, warm, then wipe dry. Then immediately bathe freely with oil from butter, or from beef marrow, applied freely. Then give freely catnip tea, or some good sweating article, pennyroyal, etc. Repeat every half hour, or as often as they get worrisome or wakeful, and in one or two days they will be entirely cured. I have been called to cases where they have been fully broke out, and in this way entirely cured them in twenty-four hours. I have had 30 cases on hand at one time, and never lost a case in my life. But now I am old and about to give up my business, and seeing from the papers that your town is infected with the epidemic, I wish to do all the good I can. It is so simple. You do not need to call a doctor. A good nurse can attend to them. If by opening the pores of the skin and sweating you can let off the poison, which is an animalcula, or animal in the blood, the cure is complete. The same is equally as good in fevers of all kinds, hard colds and coughs. I take the ground that all diseases are caused by a stoppage of the pores of the skin, retaining the poison, or live animals, in the blood, and all you to do at first is to open the doors of the system and let them out, or drive them out. But you apply the oil to the skin, and it keeps the pores of the skin open for a long time and gives the enemy a chance to get out. I hope all will try it, and they will soon be convinced."

Woman's Softening Influence.

"It's astonishin'," remarked the old forty-niner this morning as he nodded over his glass to our reporter, "it's astonishin' what a coward a man is at home—a reg'lar crawlin' sneak. I've traveled a good bit, and held up my end in all the camps on the road sence '49. I've got three bullets inside o' me. I've shot and been shot at, an' never heard nobody say I hadn't as good grit as most fellers that's goin'. But at home I'm a kyote. Afore I'd let the old woman know that her hot biscuits wasn't A1 when it's like stiff amalgam, I'd fill myself as full as a retort. I've done it lots o' times. Most o' my teeth is gone tuggin' on beefsthak that the old woman has fried. D'ye think I roar out and cuss when I go over a chair in the dark? No, sir. While I'm rubbin' my shins and keepin' back the tears, I'm likewise sweatin' fur fear the old woman has been woke by the upset I I didn't use to be so," sighed the poor fellow, thoughtfully rubbing his shining scalp. "When we was first hitched I thought I was the superintendent, but after a year or two of argyin' the pint I settled down fo shovin' the car at low wages. I kin lick any man o' my age an' size," cried the old gentleman, banging on the saloon table with his wrinkled fist. "I'll shoot, knife, stand up or rough-and-tumble for coin, but when I hang my hat on the peg in the hall an' take off my muddy boots an' hear the old woask if that's me. I tell you the starch comes right out o' me."

How New York Working Girls are Robbed.

In making shirts at fifty cents a dozen there may not seem to be scope for fraud; but little as some working women are paid, it is diminished by a variety of tricks of the trade, and sometimes it is withheld altogether. There are employers who are never able to make the exact amount of change on pay-day, and who deduct a few cents from week to week, until the total loss to the unfortunate employees who find no little profit in exacting a deposit from the women to whom they give work, ostensibly as security, but practically as a premium, the depositor never obtaining her money again; and another way of still further impoverishing the fagged-out women is to deduct something on the ground that their work is not as good as the sample, or that it is delayed in delivery. There have been women among them who make shirts at 36c a dozen, and who could not collect even this pittance from their employers; others who make quilts, and toil eleven hours a day for $4,50 a week; others who make paper boxes ten hours a day for $3.80 a week; and others, who, as book-folders, have not been able to earn more than $3 a week.

"By beginning work at 6 o'clock in the morning and continuing it till dark, then finishing the button-holes in the evening, a good worker can make three dozen shirts a day," a person well informed told me; and if, then, a woman had the extraordinary adeptness which the sewing of this number implies, she might make $7 a week, provided she had no objection to committing suicide in this deliberate and laborious way. But very few succeed in making this much; most of them are to some extent distracted by family duties, and the average wages are probably less, if anything, than $4 a week. Shirt making is perhaps the poorest of all occupations, but there are many others little better. The price paid for the making of chemises by the dozen, trimmed with pleated bosoms, is $1.20; plain chemises $96c a dozen, and for more elaborate work 12½ a piece. For finishing pantaloons and making vests the price is about 50c each, and for making flannel coats of inferior quality for the Southern market, 15c each. For making slipper bows, three cents a dozen are paid, and ten cents a dozen for common caps.

A Man whose Head was Crushed still Lives.

The case of Burr Robbins of Janesville, Wis., who to the astonishment of the doctors is recovering from injuries received last January, which they all declared fatal, is attracting much attention in the West. By the collision of a propeller with a bridge his head was literally crushed to pieces, and seven pieces of the skull were removed, varying from about a quarter of an inch in length, and a sixteenth of an inch in width, to one inch and a quarter by an inch, only two of the seven pieces being smaller than five cent nickle. The frontal bone forming the forehead and top part of the head, was elevated in front more than two inches, and could be readily raised and lowered like the lid of a box, the scalp across the top of the head serving as a hinge. The front part of the brain was torn from its resting place and raised nearly three-quarters of an inch. The bones forming the orbits of the eyes and the upper part of the nose and the right temporal bone, was crushed into fragments, and those portions forming the outer angle of the right eye, the upper surface of the orbit and the floor of the skull in front, and the partition between the eyes, and the upper part of the bones of the nose were removed. A portion of the bone forming the upper and inner part of the orbit was driving through the covering of the brain and nearly buried in the brain substance, and portions of the lacerated brain oozed out when the bone was removed. The bones of the face were terribly crushed.

Since he received these frightful injuries, Mr. Robbins' case has been watched with intense interest. Although his head was crushed to a shapeless mass almost, and he suffered excruciating pain, and the brain has been exposed, bruised and bleeding, he has kept his reasoning powers, immediately after the accident, when told that he must die, he dictated his will to his attorney, and has since managed his business affairs. Though told by his physicians not to excite his mind, he would execute mathematical calculations, and recall events, to test his mental capacity. He is rapidly recovering, and the only inconvenience he experiences is the loss of smell, the hearing of the left ear is impaired, there is a slightly impaired vision of the right eye, and the nervous sensations are nearly lost on most of the forehead and the upper part of the face. It is indeed a remarkable case.

—Honesty, capacity, sympathy for the worthy poor, and a determination to help each to the enjoyment of his right of person and property with least amount of governmental interferance, and the smallest taxation, these are the proper qualifications for office, and not the posession of wealth.

—The Union stock yards at Chicago occupy three hundred and fifty acres of land, and will accommodate one hundred and thirty-six thousand head of live stock at one time.

—During this year 400,000 bushels of corn have been shipped to Europe from Richmond, Va.

—Nearly 2,000 workmen are employed upon new buildings now going up in Atlanta.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, JUNE 3, 1880.

[Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at Salem, N. C.]

THE PEOPLE'S PRESS FOR 1880.

$1.50 A YEAR.

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L. V. &. E. T. BLUM,

Salem, N. C., Jan. 1, 1880.

Democratic State Convention.

THURSDAY, the 17th day of June, is the day and Raleigh the place, chosen by the State Executive Committee, for the assembling of the Democratic State Convention.

—Mr. Vance, of North Carolina, submitted a joint resolution which was passed, loaning 145 tents to the Governor of North Carolina for the use of the State Guards participating in the Centennial celebration at King's Mountain in October 1880.

—The Whittaker Court made its final report on the West Point cadet outrage Saturday May 29th. The court found that Whittaker was his own assailant, tied himself, and committed the "outrage" himself. Whittaker was arrested and placed in confinement, and will remain under arrest until his case is disposed of.

—We have received the Catalogue of the N. C. University for 1879-'80. The number of Students now on the rolls is 171. The Senoir or Graduating Class this year consists of 17. Commencement June 2d and 3d. The institution is reported in first rate condition, and has been well managed by President Battle.

Republican Convention.

The Republican delegates are busy at work by this time. The Convention met at 12 A. M., on the 2nd instant.

CHICAGO, June 1,–1:30 P. M.

At a meeting of the National Executive Committeeof the Republican party held here last night a resolution was offered respectfully asking the chairman, Mr. Cameron, in calling the convention to order in any vote, to recognize individual delegates. This Cameron refused to entertain or grant on appeal.

Mr. Chandler from the committee appointed to name the temporary chairman for the convention reported Judge Hoar of Massachusetts and the report was agreed to without division.

A resolution was then adopted, that should Mr. Cameron through sickness or any other cause be unable to present the name of Mr. Hoar to the convention, Mr. Chandler as Chairman of the committee reporting his name should perform that office. After the apportionment of tickets to the convention the committee adjourned until to-day.

Col. J. H. Roberts will be appointed temporary secretary of the convention.

CHICAGO, June, 1, 2 P. M.

Thirty anti-Grant members of the National Executive Committee this morning agreed to depose Cameron from the chairmanship if he continued to decline to entertain their motions or to abide by the decision of the majority of a committee.

FROM SMALL BEGINNINGS.—It is not necessary that a boy who learns a trade should follow it all his life. Gov. Palmer, of Illinois, was a country blacksmith once. Thomas Hayne a rich and eminent lawyer, also of Illinois, was once a book-binder. Erastus Corning, of New York, too lame to do hard work, commenced as a shop boy in Albany. When he applied for employment he was asked: "Why, my little boy, what can you do?" "Can do what I am bid," was the answer, which secured him the place. Senator Thurlow Weed was a canal boat driver. Wilson, of Massachusetts, was a shoe-maker. Ex-Governor Stone, of Iowa, was a cabinet-maker, which trade Stephen A. Douglas also worked at in his youth. Large numbers of men of eminence now living have risen from humble life, by dint of industry, without which talents is as gold coin on a barren island. Work alone makes men bright, and it does not alone depend on the kind of work you have to do, whether you rise or not; it depends on how you do it.—*Exchange.*

--Died on the 30th, in Raleigh, Dr. F. J. Haywood in the 77th year of his age.

Sixty-Fourth Annual Diocesan Convention of the Episcopal Church.

Proceedings up to Wednesday noon were given last week.

EVENING SESSION.

Convention convened in Brown's Hall at 3 o'clock.

Very little business was transacted.

A committee of three, consisting of Rev. F. J. Murdock, Rev. Dr. Bronson and W. W. Peebles, were appointed to send the friendly greeting of the Convention to Bishop Atkinson.

The Assistant Bishop appointed the following committees: On State of the Church, Finance, Elections, New Parishes, Canons.

Wednesday night Dr. A. A. Watson, of Wilmington, preached in Brown's Hall.

SECOND DAY—MORNING SESSION.

Convention called to order at 9.30 o'clock.

The following ministers and laymen reported present at the morning session, some of them having arrived the previous evening.

Rev. R. Buel, H. G. Hilton, Rev. Dr. Husk, R. H. Battle, R. H. Battle, Jr., C. B. Denson, John Manning, J. C. Buxton, G. M. Mathes, J. A. Robinson, R. A. Mears, T. S. Armistead, R. H. Everett, J. J. Battle, E. E. Lewis.

Rev. Dr. Smith presented a report from the Committee on Elections.

Rev. E. N. Joyner submitted resolutions in regard to St. Mark's church, Deep River. Referred to Committee on Canons.

Report on unfinished business was presented by Rev. G. Higgs.

A communication from Grand Master Cox was read, appealing for aid in behalf of the Oxford Orphan Asylum. Referred to a special Committee of Three, consisting of Rev. J. B. Cheshire, Jr., Julian Allen, J. S. Henderson.

A telegram was read from Bishop Atkinson, returning friendly greetings for the kind expressions of this Convention.

The annual address of the Rt. Rev. Bishop Atkinson was read. Also the address of Assistant Bishop T. B. Lyman. From these addresses we learn that there were 427 confirmations, 5 churches consecrated, 1 Deacon ordained, 4 clergymen received, 2 transferred to other dioceses, 9 candidates for Priest's orders, and 10 candidates for Deacon's orders.

Rev. Dr. Sutton submitted a report of the local board of Trustees of Wilberforce School. Referred to a special committee.

Rev. Dr. DeRossett presented a memorial of the University of the South. Referred to special committee of five.

Mr. Johnston Jones presented a petition from Grace church, Morganton. Referred to Committee on Finance.

Rev. Dr. Smith presented a report from the Committee on election.

Convention adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

Convention met at 3 o'clock.

Hon. John Manning presented report of committee appointed at last Convention to settle with former Treasurer and asked to be discharged. Committee discharged.

Rev. J. L. Clark asked leave of absence.

On motion, expenses were allowed to Rev. Dr. Husk and H. G. Hilton.

Rev. J. B. Cheshire, from the Committee on memorial of Grand Master of Masons, made a report. After much debate the report of the Committee was adopted.

Communication was read from Rev. J. T. Zorn, Principal, inviting the members to visit Salem Academy. The invitation was accepted with thanks.

The Convention proceeded to the election of Clerical and Lay Deputies to the General Convention.

Clerical Deputies—Rev. Dr. Watson, Dr. Huske, N. C. Hughes, and Dr. Buel.

Lay Deputies—A. J. DeRossett, M. D., John Manning, K. P. Battle, and John Hughes.

Rev. E. R. Rich moved that the names of all delegates not present at the Convention be omitted from the journal.

Convention adjourned.

At night a missionary meeting was held. Addresses were delivered by Rev, Mr. Osborn, J. S. Henderson and Rev. E. E. Rich.

THIRD DAY—MORNING SESSION.

Convention met at 9 o'clock, and was opened with prayer by the Assistant Bishop.

Dr. Watson presented a report of the Standing Committee.

On motion, Rev. E. Rondthaler of the Moravian Church, was invited to an honorary seat in the Convention.

Rev. L. S. Hale presented and read the report of the Committee on Canons.

A resolution was presented from a conference of the clergy. Referred to a committee of three clergymen and four laymen to report at the next Convention.

Rev. E. N. Joyner presented resolutions of respect in reference to the memory of the late Geo. A.C.Cooper.

Rev. Mr. Murdock moved that a memorial page be inserted to his memory.

Rev. Dr. Marshall offered resolutions of respect to the memory of Col. W. F. Martin. Tributes to his memory were made by Rev. Dr. Marshall, Fred Phillips, E. T. Lamb, Rev. Mr. Kiernan, Rev. Mr. Pettigrew, Dr. DeRossett, R. H. Battle, Jr., Rev. Mr. Bronsen, Rev. Mr. Weston.

Rev. Dr. Buxton presented report of the Committee on the memorial of the University of the South which was adopted.

Report on the state of the Church presented.

On motion of Dr. Buell, it was resolved that the necessary expenses of the members of the Committee on Canons for the ensuing year be paid by the Treasurer.

Leave of absence was granted to Rev. R. W. Barber for the rest of the session.

A committee of five was appointed to take into consideration a change in the time of holding the meetings of the Convention.

Convention adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

Convention convened at 3 o'clock.

The first business was the election of standing committees.

On motion of J. S. Henderson a vote of thanks was tendered the rectors and vestry of St. Paul's church and the citizens of Winston and Salem for their generous hospitality.

Rev. J. A. Oertel presented and read before the Convention a memorial from the convocation of Morganton on the permanent Deconate.

Dr. Buel was excused.

The remainder of the session was spent in offering and discussing resolutions which would be of little interest to the general reader.

The Convention adjcurned *sine die* Friday evening, after a pleasant session.—*Leader.*

STATE NEWS.

—Richard Battle, Esq., lately of the *News*, has connected himself with the *Observer* staff.

—Orange county has paid a tobocco tax of $314,897.98 for the first four months of this year.

—Col. A. B. Gorrell, of Winston, has accepted the appointment of chief marshal of the next State fair.

—Another burglary was committed in the southern part of Rowan county, last Thursday, by a man named Wm. Johnson, who secured $40 as his reward. The thief is still at large.

—Two young men, Willie McCorkle of Salisbury, and Willie Bailey of Charlotte, both engaged in the Revenue service,) had a difficulty in Marion county, on Saturday before last, when Baily was wounded in the leg from a pistol shot fired by McCorkle.

—The residence of Rev. D. R. Bruton, of Greensboro, was burglarized Wednesday night. The burglar obtained about $57 in cash, a watch, pair of spectacles and a pair of shoes, and made good his escape.

—The trial of the three negroes who burned Craven county jail in January last, took place in the Superior Court last week, and a verdict of guilty was rendered. Miller, the leader was sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty years, and the other two to terms of fifteen years each.

—The Catalogue of Davidson College for the year ending June 17, 1880, shows that 112 students have been in attendance during the year. The Senior or Graduating Class is composed of 12 young men, as follows: Peter Marshal Brown, Caleb Richmond Harding and Daniel Harvey Hill, of Charlotte; Thos W. Brown, Memphis, Tenn; Jas. A. Gilmer, Greensboro; Thos G. Hardie, New Orleans; James Horah, Salisbury; Wm. B. Jennings, Bennettsville, S. C.; John F. McKinnon, Monticello, Fla.; Jas P. Paisley, McLeansville; Andrew W. White, Concord; Horace B. Zernow, Charleston, S. C. The College is in a flourishing condition under the prudent and able management of President Hepburn.

—Judge Merrimon delivered the literary address before Oak Ridge Institute, in Guilford county, on last Tuesday a week. It is estimated that one thousand people were present. His theme was, "The Nature, the Results, and the Dignity of Human Labor."

—R. A. Birdsall, one of the managers of the Crowell Gold Mining Company, exhibited in Salisbury, 120 pwts. of Gold obtained by the Placer mining process. The metal was very fine and was taken from a point near Kimball Hill, where they are sinking a 300 feet shaft, and are finding good quantities and qualities of the yellow ore.

GENERAL NEWS.

—At an Amateur performance in Atlanta, Ga., the clothing of one of the young lady performers caught fire and communicated it to three others. Three were severely burned and one fatally.

—The number of churches in this country belonging to the Methodist denomination in 16,000. They are valued at a total of $80,000,000, with encumbrances aggregating $7,000,000.

—It is said that 4,300,300 head of cattle now roam the Texan ranches. New York follows in point of numbers, with a bovine population of 2,100,000. California leads in sheep, with 6,670,600.

—The first pound of coffee raised in the United States has been grown by a Mrs. Atzereth on her plantation on Indiana River, Fla. The plants were furnished by the Agricultural Department at Washington, and Commissioner Le Duc has now succeeded in demonstrating that both tea and coffee can be raised in the United States.

—Both houses of the New York Legislature have passed the bill enabling the New York world's fair commission to acquire lands for exhibition enterprise.

—Gen. Gordon has accepted the position of associate and consulting counsel for the new railroad combination of which Mr. Newcomb is the head, which includes a continuous line, under one management, from St. Louis to Savannah. The salary will probably not be less than $15,000 per annnm.

—During the last forty years the Appletons have sold 40,000,000 of "Webster's Speller," or 1,000,000 a pear. And yet the Governor of Delaware contrives to get a g in the word "adjutant," which was a thing that Webster never recommended.

AUGUSTA, May 26.—The Sibley Cotton Mills Company organized today by the election of William C. Sibley, President. Among the Directors are Samuel Kyser, of New York, and Walter Smith, of Cincinnati. The authorized capital is $1,000,000, and the amount subscribed is $600,000. The erection of the factory will proceed at once. This will be one of the largest factories in the South. The cotton mills in Augusta have paid since the war from 8 to 20 per cent. per annum.

Violent Storms in Texas.

GALVESTON, May 28—The *News* has the following special from San Sala: "During the rain storm last night the family of P. M. Rountree, living near here, took refuge in a cave near the house, resulting in the drowning of two of his little boys, aged two and six years. His wife, a little daughter and a young lady with them were, taken out in a drowning condition."

CALVERT, May 28.—A heavy wind, rain and hail storm prevailed in the eastern part of the county yesterday, blowing down houses and fences and ruining crops.

BRACKETT, May 28.—At 1.30 this morning the heaviest and most disastrous rain storm set in known to the oldest inhabitants. It is still pouring down in torrents. All of Brackett, except the portion on two hills, was inundated. In the main street the water was from five to eight feet deep, and washing down the street with almost incredible rapidity. The floor of every business house is under water. Several men, who were at the mercy of the waters, went down, all efforts to save them being of no avail. Great anxiety is felt for the safety of families. Along Los Moras Creek more than twenty people were drowned, a dozen houses were washed away, and it is thought some bore human freight. Many houses were washed from their foundations. All the residents in the lower part of the town are being taken out as fast as possible. The greatest excitement prevails.

Ludden & Bates' Southern Music House, Savannah, Ga.

Through the Savannah *Morning News* we learn that Ludden & Bates' Great Southern Music House will remove July 1 next, to their new double store, corner Congress and Whitaker Streets. They will then have two large four story stores thrown into one and conveniently arranged for their extended business (which was doubled in the past two year), and which will give the largest and finest Musical Warerooms in the entire South. The music trade of this staunch old house is immense and Savannah may well be proud of possessing such an exponent of her claims as a Southern music and high art centre. There is no firm in the South who have done so much towards the dvelopment of musical interest and culture as Messrs. Ludden & Bates, and we congratulate them on their spendid success. Men who show thrmselves so enterprising, accomodating and honorable in all business tranactions deserve success and generally get it. We are glad to give them our full endorsement and advise our readers that they can safely and profitably patronize them.

Woman's Wisdom.

"She insists that it is more importance, that her family shall be kept in full health, than she should have all the fashionable dresses and styles of the times. She therefore sees to it, that each member of her family is supplied with enough Hop Bitters, at the first appearance of any symtoms of ill health, to prevent a fit of sickness with its attendant expense, care and anxiety. All women should exercise their wisdom in this way."—*Ex.*

Post Office Directory.

Salem, N. C, Post Office Arrangements. Office hours from 7 o'clock, A. M., to 6 P. M., during the week, and on Sunday from 7 to 8 A. M.

TIME OF ARRIVAL AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

RAILROAD, from Greensboro to Salem closes every day, except Sunday, at 4.00, p. m. Due every day, except Sunday, by 10:50 p, m.

MOUNT AIRY, via Winston, Old Town, Bethania, Five Forks, Dalton, Pilot Mountain, Flat Shoals and Tom's Creek. Closes every day except Sunday, at 6:30, a. m. Due every day except Sunday, at 3, p. m.

DANBURY, via Winston, Flat Branch, Sedge Garden, Germanton and Walnut Cove. Closes every day except Sunday at 6:30, a. m, Due every day, except Sunday by 3, p. m.

HUNTSVILLE, via Lewisville and Panther Creek. Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6:30, a. m. Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturdayby 10, a. m.

RICHMOND HILL, via Mount Tabor, Vienna, Red Plains and East Bend. Closes Monday and Friday at 6:30 a. m. Due Tuesday and Saturday by 2, p. m.

FRIEDBERG Mail closes every Tuesday and Friday at 6.30, A. M. Due Wednesday and Saturday by 8 A. M.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

STOCK LAW.

Notice is hereby given by the Board of County Commissioners of Forsyth County that a lawful fence has been completed around the entire Stock Law district, and the Stock Law declared in full force. May 3rd, 1880.

FLORAL PANEL PICTURES, LILIES OF THE VALLEY, ROSES and DAISES, CALLA LILIES, Beautiful ornaments at the BOOKSTORE.

PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER

A PURELY VEGETABLE REMEDY

For Internal and External Use,

Is a SURE CURE for all the Diseases for which it is recommended, and is ALWAYS PERFECTLY SAFE in the hands of even the most inexperienced persons.

It is a sure and quick remedy for COUGHS, SORE THROAT, CHILLS, and similar troubles; affords *instant relief in the most malignant forms* of DIPHTHERIA, and is the best known remedy for RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA.

THE OLDEST, BEST, AND MOST WIDELY KNOWN FAMILY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

It has been used with such wonderful success *in all parts of the world* for CRAMPS, CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS, *that it is considered an unfailing cure for these diseases.*

HAS STOOD THE TEST OF 40 YEARS' CONSTANT USE IN ALL COUNTRIES AND CLIMATES.

It is RECOMMENDED by Physicians, Missionaries, Ministers, Managers of Plantations, Work-Shops, and Factories, Nurses in Hospitals—in short, by Everybody everywhere who has ever given it a trial.

IT IS WITHOUT A RIVAL AS A LINIMENT.

It should always be used for Pain in the Back and Side, and *brings speedy and permanent relief* in all cases of Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, Severe Burns, Scalds, etc.

NO FAMILY CAN SAFELY BE WITHOUT IT. It will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills, and its price brings it within the reach of all. It is sold at 25c. 50c. and $1.00 a bottle, and can be obtained from all druggists.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Providence, R. I. Proprietors.

THE RALEIGH OBSERVER,
A Daily and Weekly
DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER,
Published in Raleigh
BY S. A. ASHE.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION—IN ADVANCE:

Daily Observer, one year		$6 00
" "	six months	3 50
" "	three months	2 00
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THE OBSERVER.
Raleigh, N. C.

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THE LEADING COMPANY OF THE WORLD.

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Total Claims Paid, SEVENTY MILLION DOLLARS.

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Agent for Salem, Winston and vicinity.

CHICKERING PIANOS

Other Pianos wear out

BUT THEY GO ON FOREVER.

VICTORS in all great contests and for 53 years past the acknowledged Standard of the World. Musical Perfection, Wonderful Durability and Reasonable Cost. True economy indicates purchase of a genuine Chickering and no other.

LAST CHANCE TO BUY CHEAP

Chickering & Sons largely advanced their prices Feb. 1. Our old contracts expire April 1, and we will fill all orders received before that date at old rates. Our prices now are positively the lowest in America. Order now and save from $25 to $50 on the purchase. Present rates guaranteed only to April 1.

LUDDEN & BATES, Savannah, Ga.

Wholesale Agents for Ga., Fla., S. C., N. C., & Ala.

JOB PRINTING of

all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch at the PRESS OFFICE.

CONDENSED TIME.

North Carolina Railroad.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Date, May 16, 1880.	No. 47 Daily.	No. 45. Daily.	No. 19. Daily ex. Sun.
Leave Charlotte	3 50 a m	4 10 p m	.....
" Salisbury	6 03 a m	5 55 p m	.....
" High Point	7 31 a m	7 08 p m	.....
Arrive Greensboro	8 10 a m	7 37 p m	.....
Leave Greensboro	8 20 a m	.....	5 00 p m
Arrive Hillsboro	10 23 a m	.....	10 22 p m
" Durham	11 02 a m	.....	11 57 a m
" Raleigh	12 20 p m	.....	3 00 a m
Leave "	3 40 p m	6 00 a m	.....
Arrive Goldsboro	6 00 p m	10 00 a m	.....

No. 47.—Connects at Salisbury with W. N. C. R. R., for all points in Western North Carolina daily except Sundays. At Greensboro with R. & D. R. R. for all points North, East and West. At Goldsboro with W. & W. R. R. for Wilmington.

No. 45.—Connects at Greensboro with R. & D. R. R. for all points North, East and West.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

Date, May 16, 1880.	No. 48. Daily.	No. 42. Daily.	No. 20. Daily. ex. Sun.
Leave Goldsboro	10 10 a m	6 54 p m	.....
Arrive Raleigh	12 25 p m	10 45 p m	.....
Leave "	3 35 p m	.....	7 00 a m
Arrive Durham	4 44 p m	.....	9 19 a m
" Hillsboro	5 20 p m	.....	11 07 a m
" Greensboro	7 40 p m	.....	3 45 p m
Leave "	8 21 p m	6 51 a m	.....
Arrive High Point	8 55 p m	7 30 a m	.....
" Salisbury	10 16 p m	9 15 a m	.....
" Charlotte	12 27 a m	11 17 a m	.....

No 48.—Connects at Greensboro with Salem Branch, at Air-Line Junction with A. & C. A. L. Railroad for all points South and South-west.

No. 42.—Connects at Air-Line Junc. with A. & C. A. L. Railroad for all points South and South-west; at Charlotte with C., C. & A. Railroad for all points South and Southeast.

SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Greensboro daily except Sunday		8 50 p m
Arrive Kernersville "	"	10 00 p m
Arrive Salem "	"	10 50 p m
Leave Salem "	"	5 00 p m
Arrive Kernersville "	"	5 40 p m
Arrive Greensboro "	"	7 00 p m

Connecting at Greensboro with Trains on R. & D. and N. C. Railroads.

Sleep'g Cars Without Change, Run both ways with Trains Nos. 48 and 47, between New York and Atlanta via Richmond, Greensboro and Charlotte, and between Greensboro and Augusta; and on Trains Nos. 42 and 45 between Boston and Savannah.

☞ Through Tickets on sale at Greensboro, Raleigh, Goldsboro, Salisbury and Charlotte, and at all principal points South, South-west, West North and East. For Emigrant rates to points in Arkansas and Texas, address

J. R. MACMURDO,
Gen'l Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

PIANOS & ORGANS

FROM FACTORY TO PURCHASER.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN AGENT

Ludden & Bates' Grand Introduction Sale continued until Nov. 1, 1880. Only sale of the kind ever successfully carried out in America. 5,000 superb instruments at factory rates for Introduction and Advertisement. New plan of selling: No Agents! No Commission! Instruments shipped direct from Factory to purchasers. Middleman's profits saved. Agent's rates to all. Only house South selling on this plan. PIANOS, 7 oct. $125, 7½ oct. $155; Square Grands, $227. ORGANS, 9 stops, $57; 13 stops, $72; 13 stops, Mirror Top Case, $85. New, handsome, durable. 6 years guarantee, 15 days test trial. Purchasers choice from *ten leading makers and 200 different styles.* Join this gigantic club of 5,000 purchasers and secure an instrument at wholesale rates. Special terms to *Music Teachers, Churches, and Pastors.* Address for Introduction Sale circulars,

LUDDEN & BATES, Savannah, Ga.

North Carolina,

FORSYTH COUNTY.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

James T. Lineback, as Administrator *de bonis non*, with the will annexed of Christian Reich, deceased, Plaintiff,

Against

Malinda Reich, Lucinda Reich, Louisa Reich, Gideon Reich, Silas Reich and others, heirs at law and devisees of said testator.

Petition to sell Lands for Assetts.

It appearing to the Court, by affidavit of the Plaintiff, that the above named Defendants are not residents of this State, and that they are proper parties to the above named action.

It is therefore ordered that publication be made once a week for six consecutive weeks in the "People's Press," a newspaper published in the town of Salem, notifying said Defendants, Malinda Reich, Lucinda Reich, Louisa Reich and Silas Reich, to be and appear at the office of the Superior Court Clerk of said County, in the Court-House at Winston, on the 29th day of May 1880, and answer or demur to the Complaint now on file in said office, or the Plaintiff will apply for the relief demanded in the Complaint.

Witness, C. S. Hauser, Clerk of said Court at office, April 13th, 1880.

C. S. HAUSER, C. S. C.

No. 15-6w.

Stoves! Stoves!!

THE UNEDRSIGNED has the largest and most complete assortment of

COOKING STOVES AND HEATING STOVES

ever offered in this market and at greatly REDUCED PRICES.

Stove Pipes and Fixtures always on hand.

ROOFING AND GUTTERING promptly attended to. A general assortment of

TIN WARE,

Wholesale and Retail, always to be found at the "BIG COFFEE POT. Prices to suit the times.

J. E. MICKEY.

Salem N,. C., Oct. 24, 1878.

The People's Press

FOR 1880.

TERMS:

ONE YEAR,	$1 50
SIX MONTHS,	75
THREE MONTHS,	50
TEN COPIES FOR	12 50

THE PRESS

IS PUBLISHED

Every Thursday Morning,

and has a circulation in the counties of Forsyth, Davidson, Davie, Yadkin, Surry, Stokes and Guilford, as well as a fair circulation in other parts of the State, and in the West, and Northwestern and Southwestern States among emigrated North Carolinians.

The publishers will endeavor, more than ever before, to make the PRESS

A First-class Newspaper.

The Miscellaneous Department will receive careful attention, giving choice fireside reading and much general information.

The Local Department will be as complete and reliable as possible.

The State and General News will have a large share of attention.

The Farmer will find our Agricultural Department as practical and useful as we can make it. We request all our friends to send us statements of the result of experiments with their crops and we will publish them for the benefit of our readers.

The Markets will be given carefully corrected every week.

We earnestly request the co-operation of every *subscriber, friend* or *reader* of the paper in extending its circulation.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

Salem, N. C., April, 1880.

REID'S CELEBRATED FLOWER SEEDS

SELDOM EQUALLED AND NEVER EXCELLED

MOST POPULAR VARIETIES.

Prices, 5, 10 and 15 cents.

FOR SALE AT SALEM BOOKSTORE.

WAGON FOR SALE.

A new "track out" wagon, with shaft tongue, side-boards and bows for sale Enquire at the SALEM BOOK-STORE.

The People's Press.

THURSDAY, JUNE 3, 1880.

LOCAL ITEMS.

—Rev. Dr. Marshall, of Raleigh, occupied the pulpit of the Moravian Church, on Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock, and Rev. Dr. Watson of Wilmington, preached the evening sermon at 7½ o'clock. Both were excellent sermons.

—The Board of Town Commissioners, at their election for Night-watch, Police-officer and Lamplighter, on last Friday night, elected A. C. Shepherd. He entered upon his duties on Tuesday.

—One thonsand or more Tobacco plants, well grown, for sale at this office. Apply early.

—Dew-berries are making their appearance in the market.

—Muskrats are again very troublesome on the race banks.

C. L. R. writes an amusing letter of his experiences in Washington.

—A stray terrier dog can be had by the owner calling at this office.

—The Boys' school-house building has undergone repairs, inside and out.

—New moon next Monday the 7th, at 4 o'clock 33 minutes in the afternoon.

—The demand for cut flowers is growing with the growth of the twin cities.

—The largest display of NEW BOOKS and FANCY GOODS ever offered at the Bookstore.

—Rev. Mr. Haymore, of Virginia, preached in the Baptist Church last Sunday.

—Thermometer ranged from 75 to 85 at the bookstore on Friday last. Warm enough.

—Rock are being broken and put in places where needed on Main and other streets of the town.

—Young Irish potatoes, peas and snap beans are gracing the tables of the good housewives regularly.

—Mrs. Wm. Wagner and daughter, of Ann Arbor, Mich., is visiting her brother, F. W. Meller.

—25 FINEST CARDS, with name neatly printed, sent by mail, to any address, for 60 cents.

—Spring chickens, scarcely larger than partridges, brought 20 cents a piece on Thursday and Friday last.

—A large delegation from Waughtown, attended the morning services at the Baptist Church on last Sunday.

—Some of our gardeners are complaining of the depredations of rabbits among their young cabbage plants.

—The dark cloud that hovers about the mineral spring on Sunday afternoons, was larger than usual on last Sunday afternoon.

—A writer in the Winston *Leadre* is informed that the names of the jurors alluded to were published merely by request, being considered perhaps of some local interest.

—Persons who referred to the Almanac on last Sunday morning, 30th ult., were informed that it would rain on that day, and sure enough it did.

—We notice "new mown hay" is coming to town in small lots, among it some excellent clover hay. Prices vary from 45 to 50 cents per hundred for clover hay.

☞ Jenny Lind *Cantelope Seed*, warranted fresh and genuine. Enquire at the Bookstore.

—Green and high grows the grass, dog fennel and weeds on the edges of some of our sidewalks, to the disgust of persons who pass over them in wet weather.

—We were pleased to see that Joseph Knause, who has been sick for some weeks, is able to come to town again. Since the above we learn Mr. Knause has again been prostrated.

—Mrs. Louisa Rogers, of Georgia, is visiting her sisters, Mrs. Reich, Vogler and Chitty. There are five sisters, all widows, in the family circle, and three of the five reside in Salem.

—Dr. Hay showed the *Leader* man a bunch of rye, growing in a wheat field near Winston, which measured six feet in height, and forty stalks were produced from one grain, yielding 2,300 grains.

—We were pleased to have a hand-shake with our young friend, John S. Henderson, of Salisbury, who was in attendance at Episcopal Convention, last week. He was the guest of H. A. Lemly.

☞ A new "track-out" wagon, with shafts, tongue and bows, square bed for sale. Enquire at this Office.

—Seven miles an hour is the speed allowed by one of the town laws for driving over the streets with horses and vehicles; but about twenty miles an hour seems to be the speed adopted by most drivers.

—With a couple of sprouting-hoes and mowing scythes, in the hands of those who know how to use them, a great improvement could be made in the present looks of the public square.

—Our venerable old time-keeper, the town clock, seems to be racing with all the clocks and watches in town, as it seems to slide up several minutes on them each week. The warm weather has something to do with it.

—The Census Enumerators commenced their rounds on Tuesday, June 1st. Eugene Albea enumerates that portion of Winston and Salem west of Main street, and Paul B. Crutchfield that portion on the east side.

—Robert Beck and Chas. Brietz, Jr., the champion frog giggers, of this place, visited a neighboring mill pond, one night last week, and next morning when the frogs in that pond sang their chorus there were fifty-three voices missing.

☞ WANTED!
40,000 SPOKES IMMEDIATELY,
at Waughtown.

—Many of the members of the Episcopal Convention left for their homes on Friday evening, and Saturday morning by special train. They all appeared to be well pleased, and their stay among us was very pleasant to all concerned.

—Surprise parties among young folks have been quite numerous of late. On Friday night last, Miss Lula Ackerman was agreebly surprised by a number of her young friends; and the young friends of Miss Lillie Jones gave her a surprise on the same night.

—We were handed a *beautiful* specimen of card printing, the work of an amateur printer, the other day. As soon as some intelligent Chinaman wends his way in this direction, we will have him interpret it for us, and we will then tell our readers what it is about.

—A good home-made BUGGY and as good as new SADDLE and BRIDLE for sale. Enquire at the Bookstore.

—The inconvenience of getting a drink of water by drinking out of the spout at the cistern, near the alley gate, is now avoided, as some good Samaritan—probably Reuben—has placed a cocoanut there for persons who wish to quench their thirst while passing by.

—There is a tame weasel at the old Salem mill, and is very useful in keeping down the rats. Occasionally it can be seen slipping about the beams and pillars of the building with a rat in its mouth. These little animals are equal to ferrets in exterminating rats and mice, beating a tom-cat all hollow.

—N. M. Kerner presented us with a box of his excellent Leather Dressing for harness, boots and shoes. It is all that he claims for it, and should have a large sale. There is nothing like pushing the business by way of advertising and placing samples with merchants.

—Large numbers of our citizens and strangers were out driving on Saturday evening. We can safely say there is no pleasanter drive than out toward Waughtown or in the woodlands west of town. A good many would rather raise a dust in town, however, than enjoy the cool, pleasant drives in the woods. They want to *see*, and above all *be seen*.

—We are pleased to learn that the tobacco plant scare is fast subsiding. The newly sown beds are looking well, and although late, the prospect for a full crop of tobacco is more cheering. We know of several planters, who have, in consequence of the reported dearth of plants, doubled their intended acreage. The old cry of "Don't cry before you are hurt," comes in well here.

—A splendid assortment of Toy Books at the Salem Bookstore.

—The Commencement exercises of Thomasville Female College took place on Wednesday, June 2nd, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The exercises consisted of essays by graduating class, and delivery of diplomas. Literary address by Judge R. P. Dick, of Greensboro, in the morning. Concert at 8 o'clock, P. M. Sermon before the School, Tuesday night, June 1, by Rev. Theo. Whitfield, D. D., of Charlotte, N. C. The usual railroad facilities were accorded to the visitors, viz: 6 cents per mile by all N. C. Railroads.

Mr. Reinhart has built up a good school and deserves success.

—Ham, the Mount Airy hack driver, is greatly exercised over the grand architectural display used in building the new well-bucket at the watering place at Five Forks. He complains that the bucket is too small to hold two buckets of water and that it is entirely too large for holding one bucket, and wants to know what shall be done about it. Our answer is, tell Monk to either saw it off until it only holds one bucket, or splice it until it will hold two.

—We learn the prospect is good for a fair crop of peaches in the vicinity of Vienna, in this county. We know of several localities in this county where quite a fair crop is in prospect. Apples will be scarce, as the trees did not bloom fully, this being an "off year" in most orchards. Cherries have been freely offered as low as from 15 to 25 cents a gallon.

—Internal Revenue collections, 5th District of N. C., for the week ending Saturday, May 29, 1880:

Monday,	$3,325.96
Tuesday,	859.39
Wednesday,	2,449.38
Thursday,	2,453.38
Friday,	1,758.11
Saturday,	2,669.64
Total,	$13,516.31

CHEAP BOOKS.—We will continue our sale of some miscellaneous books at very low prices until July 1st, when regular retail prices will be asked. Now is the time to come and see or order by mail.

—Sad and painful news comes to us from Germanton- Disease and death has entered the household of a widow lady of that place, and borne away the mother and is now lurking around the couch of the daughter. On Wednesday last Mrs. Margaret Hill departed this life in the 42d year of her age. Since the above is in type we learn that Miss. Lillie has died.—*Leader.*

—The closing exercises of the Germanton Male and Female Institute were held on Thursday and Friday last. On the morning of the twentieth the exercises opened with prayer by Rev. T. H. Pegram. Followed by compositions and declamations of the pupils. The Institute is only four months old, and considering the time for training—one week—everything was as well executed and delivered, as if had been an institution of many years standing. The girls and boys did well, indeed some of them extraordinarily well. They deserve much praise for the interest and close attention they paid to their studies. And much credit is due Mr. Holmes for his diligent training. The literary address was made by F. C. Robbins, of Lexington, his subject being the "Right of Children." The remarks were highly praised. The music was furnished by the Salem Amateur Band.—*Leader.*

—The New Friendship Sunday School anniversary came off on the 29th. A large concourse of people were present, probably some 500, and all passed off pleasantly.

The following programme was observed.

Song, Coronation. Salutatory Address, Carrie Hege. A gentle word is never lost, Ransom Wilson. Dialogue, "The Christian's Hope." The Dear Saviour, Annie A. Shoaf. To-morrow, Miss Emma Vestal. Song, "The Glad May Morn." There is music over yonder, May Charles. Abide with me. Joseph Wilson. Gentle Jesus, Charles S. Lambeth. A young convert, Mary Stuart. A little while longer, Clara E. Charles. Song, The stranger at the door. The Cross, Pleasant A. Lambeth. The Starless Crown, Eliza Long. The child's prayer, Willie E. Lambeth. The Dream, Alma A. Charles. The Butterfly, Mary Shoaf. Song The lower lights. Christian life and hope, Joseph Wilson. Thanks, Phebe Snider. The Kingdom of God, Lewis H. Wilson. Trust, Maggie Snider. Song, Come, come and see. Dialogue, The Seasons, May Charles. The Christian worker, Phebe C. Lambeth. He leads us on, Joseph Wilson. The happy little boy, Rillie E. Lambeth. Presentation of flowers, Clara E. Charles. Song Merry May. My heart is sad, Sarah J. Lambeth. The rainbow, Mary E. Payne. Be useful, Adda P. Wilson. Dialogue, The Creation.

EVENING EXERCISES.

Song, The land of promise. Life and Immortality, Judith A. Charles. Dialogue, Jesus, the rock of ages. Home, Mary A. Wilson. What shall I be? Alma A. Charles. Song. Happy Song. Dialogue, Who came from Heaven? Misses Clara Charles and Mary Hine. The Christian, Sarah J. Stuart. Life and Death, Phebe J. Wilson. Song, Sinking out of self. Christ in the garden, Joseph Wilson. Christ on the cross. Clara E. Charles. Dialogue, Is there a by and by? Flora Shoaf and Carrie Hege. Song A little light. Sunshine and showers, Eliza Long. Dialogue, The stray lamb, Carrie Hege and others. The child's prayer, Lula S. Charles. Novel reading, Eliza Long. Jesus of Nazareth, Mary Harman. Dialogue, The Christian's echo, Eliza Long and others. The book of life, May Charles. Our heavenly home, Phebe C. Lambeth. Song, Amazing grace. Trifles. Joseph Wilson. Killing time, Carrie Hege. Dialogue, Hear Him, Judith and Alma Charles. Forever, Nancy J. Hine. Song, To be there. Presentation. Parting. Emma Vestal. The Closing Address, Nancy J. Hine. Song. Will the angels come.

The music under the able direction of Prof. Jordan, was well given, and reflected credit upon all concerned.

The most interesting part of the exercises was the surprise presentation of bouquets of flowers and bibles. It was apparent that the surprise was genuine and all the more pleasant.

Elder Turner received a boquet of flowers beautifully arranged, and a beautiful bible with clasps. The addresses were very good and appropriate. Mr. Turner has been pastor of the Friendship Church for over 20 years.

The worthy Superintendent, S. A. Hege, also received a bible. Just before the close Rev. E. Rondthaler, in his usual happy style, presented a bible to F. D. L. Messer. This was the greatest surprise to all and was a most appropriate conclusion to the highly interesting exercises.

OMAHA, NEBRASKA,
MAY 22nd, 1880.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—My intervals of rest are so short that for the present I will only drop a few lines. Since my last letter I have been to the Cherokee Nation and had a very pleasant time among my relations and the Indians. On my way out I came across Moody and Sanky at Venita. I did not attend their services as my train left too early. My impressions of Oakland, the site of the projected church enterprise, are very favorable. The outlook is encouraging and a field of future good to our church is presented, which we should not ignore. Those who wish to see our beloved Zion extended should confer with either brother J. Blickensderfer or myself relative to that work. Before coming to Missouri, I had the impression, as you all have, that it was far in the back woods, and civilization was unknown. Now you will be surprised when you hear that a number of us met and sang Gospel Songs, and many other melodies, accompanied with piano music. Further details must be left for future time. I failed to meet brother C. L. Rights in St. Louis as was anticipated. Yesterday at 5.50 P. M., I arrived in this city via Council Bluffs, a "bluffy" place indeed. Through the favor entended me by the Union Pacific Railroad my journey will be resumed westward as far as Salt Lake city. Will in the course visit Cheyenne, Wyoming Territory, Denver City and Georgetown, Colorado, returning via Kansas city to St. Louis. It is my purpose as early after my return home as convenient to arrange my notes in the form of lectures to my people. This leaves me quite well.

Yours truly,
J. B. LINEBACH.

WOOD MOUNT, CHEROKEE NATION,
May 25th, 1880.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Some of the readers of the *Press* may be looking for something from Kernersville, but your correspondent has been transferred to the regions beyond, and is at this time luxuriating upon fresh *venison*, in the Indian land. On the 17th of May I left Kernersville and got to Washington next morning, and so far, had Mr. H. Fries, of your place, for a companion; but he left me for New York, and I was turned loose to shift for myself. I made some inquiries of the manager of the depot, who is by the way a gentleman. He recommended me to go to the Young Mens' Christian Association Building, and gave me a written recommendation, with his name. I started out to find it, and had gone about a square, when up stepped a man and said: "How do you do, Mr. Thompson, glad to see you." I said, "I am not Mr. Thompson." He said, "is it possible," you must be Mr. Thompson." "No, I said, my name is ———. I am from Kernersville." He said, "I beg your pardon, I see I was mistaken," and away he went with the politest kind of a bow. I continued on about half a square, when I met another young man, and as soon as he came up he extended his hand and said: "How do you do, Mr. R., I am glad to see you." I said, "I do not know you." He said, "my name is Dewy, my father lives in Raleigh, and I have been in Kernersville, and know you. Which way are you going?" I said "to the Young Men's Christian Association building." "Oh," he said, "I know where that is, and will go with you," and away we went. We came to the place, I presented my paper to a young man at the door, and was received all right. He took me up into a large hall, asked me to be seated, and answered every question I asked. Among the rest, at last I asked him if he could tell me where A. N. Zevely & Son had their office: he procured a Directory and gave me the information, and I started out to find it; and when I came to the door there was my Raleigh friend waiting for me. He had not gone in, and I thought he was gone. Again he asked me where I was going, and said he would go with me. We went and found Mr. Z.'s place of business, but it was too early in the morning, he was not there yet. "Now," said he, "what are you going to do?" "I am going to see what I can see." "Well," said, he, "I am a stranger, but I have been over the city some, and if you have no objections we will go together." So I said, "all right, come along, now for the Capitol." "Just so," he said, "but one thing, I have a little matter to attend to down the street here, and if you will go with me, and that is disposed of, I am your man for the rest of the day." Accordingly, on we went to the corner of the next street, when up stepped a man and said, "Why, howdy John, when did you get in?" "Just awhile ago, from New York; and I am going to Raleigh, to-night; and John introduced our new friend as Mr. Jones, from Raleigh, too, but at that time occupying a position in the Treasury Department. Well, we walked on, and our new friend pulled out his watch and remarked, "I am sorry it is most ten o'clock, and I must go to work; but John, you bring your friend round to a certain place after four o'clock, and I will go with you anywhere you want to go," and he left us, and after going a block or two more, he stopped and said, "here is the place." His business was to buy his Railroad ticket to go home, as he said he could buy it at a reduced rate there, and was only sorry that I had my ticket for St. Louis, as he could have saved me several dollars. When we came to the door, he said, "will you wait below or go up with me; I may be gone some little time." We went into a room where it seemed considerable business of some kind was done, but nobody was in. We sat down, and somebody came to another door and said, "There will be somebody in directly," and my friend said, "very well, we can wait." I quietly picked up a newspaper and began to read, when in came a rough looking fellow, and asked my friend for a Railroad ticket to go to some place, I have forgotten the name of the town, in Tennessee. John said he was not the man, but he would be in directly, and he wanted to buy a ticket to Raleigh. "Well," said Tennessee, pointing to me, "Is that man going there too?" "No," he said, "he is going to St. Louis." John asked him where he was from, and he said from Baltimore where he had sold a drove of horses. John asked him how he liked Baltimore. He said it was a nice place, but there were too many rascals there for him to get along; he said they got about $500 out of him in less than ten minutes. John seemed to be perfectly astonished at such depravity, and concluded it was something unheard of, and became very much interested to know how it was done. He said he went into a place where a man was sitting at a table, and had three cards lying before him and he handed them to me and said, "You may look at these cards and hand them to me, and I will lay them down, and you can't tell which to pick," and I said, "I bet you one hundred dollars on that, and we tried it and I got his money slick, and we tried it again and he kept on until he got $500 out of me." "And that cleaned you out?" said John. "No sir," and he put his hand in the breast pocket of his coat and pulled out a roll of money that looked like it might have been several thousand dollars. "Well," said my friend John, "I would like to see what kind of looking things those cards were." Said Tennessee, "I have some in my pocket now, I grabbed them up when I left, and intend to take them home, and show up the rascality of those Baltimore fellows." He got his cards out, John examined them, and at last the man proposed to show him how it was done. Just so, and John won every time; then they bet $10 and John got it. Now John proposed to bet $100 and I go his halves. I said "*No, Sir, you have got the wrong man, I don't gamble, and you are a set of sharpers and scoundrels, good bye,*" and I worked my way out and left them; and then I took the hint that the Treasury Office man was the one who called me Mr. Thompson, and got my name and residence.

I next encountered an Agent for a California Tea Company, who wanted me to go with him to his boarding-house and he would give me some samples of tea. I got tired of him at last, and told him I did not want anything to do with him or his tea either, and he left me.

I went to the Capitol and looked around, and the Hall of Representatives contains the noisiest crowd I ever saw, and how they can transact any business amidst such confusion, is a mystery to me. The Senate seems to be a dignified body, and quite in contrast to the other end. I climbed up the steps to the top of the dome, as far as we are permitted to go, and had a magnificent view of the city and the Potomac. The Capitol grounds too, are just now in all their beauty.

From the Capitol I went again to Mr. Zevely's place of business. He received me very kindly, and we spent some time reviewing the incidents of the past, and he asked me many questions in reference to Salem.

From here I took the street cars and went to the White-House, and new buildings for the Navy and War Departments. The grounds around the President's mansion are beautiful, and I spent a considerable time wandering over them. I happened to get on the White-House grounds just a little after four o'clock, and Mr. Zevely told me if I did I could not go in, which I regret very much, not for mine, but for the President's sake, *as he missed very much by not seeing me.*

At any rate my day in Washington was a busy one, and I had the fun pretty much all to myself. Several times I got lost, and I took care, after my morning experiment, to ask information of persons whom I took to be citizens, and never failed in getting what I wanted; and in one case, an old gentleman turned round and went with me a whole square to set me right; and at 10 o'clock I took the express train on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad and bowled away at the rate of 40 miles an hour for St. Louis.

C. L. R.

Baby Prices $600.

An eminent banker's wife of—— N. Y., has induced the proprietors of that great medicine, Hop Bitters, to offer $600 in prizes to the youngest child that says Hop Bitters plainly, in any language, between May 1, 1880, and July 4, 1881. This is a liberal and interesting offer, and everybody and his wife should send two cent stamp to the Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., U. S. A., for circular, giving full particulars, and begin at once to teach the children to say Hop Bitters and secure prize.

Ludden & Bates' Grand Clearing Out Sale--The one grand chance of a lifetime to buy a fine Piano or Organ "awful cheap."

Commencing May 15 and ending July 1. To save heavy expense and labor of removing to our New Double Four Story Store, July 1, we offer our entire stock of Pianos and Organs now on hand and to arrive before removal, consisting of 27 Chickering, 50 Mathushek, 21 Lighte & Co., 5 Hallet & Davis, 62 Southern Gem, 10 Favorite, 28 Guild & Church Pianos, 110 Mason & Hamlin, 100 Peloubet & Co. 44 Sterling Organs. All new and just from the Factory. Also 100 Second Handed Pianos and Organs, nearly all used only from one to six months, and precisely as good as new. All to be closed out by July 1 at Manufacture's Wholesale Rates. We can't and won't move them. Don't miss this chance. Address us for "Clearing Out Sale Circulars and Prices," and be quick about it too. Ludden & Bates' Southern Music House, Savannah, Ga.

SALEM MARKETS.

Wheat, (white) per bush	$1 30 to $1 40
Wheat, (red) " "	1 20 to 1 30
Corn, per bushel,	65 to 70
Oats, " "	40 to 50
Rye, " "	90 to 1 00
Barley, per bush	75 to 80
Flour, per hundred,	3 25 to 3 75
Peas, (col'd,) per bushel,	55 to 60
Peas, (white,) " "	65 to 70
Beans, (col'd,) " "	40 to 60
Beans, (white,)" "	75 to 90
Onion Setts, per bushel,	00 to 00
Pork,	6 to 10
Country Meat, (hog round,)	8 to 9
" Hams'	10 to 00
Green Apples per bushel,	0 00 to 0 00
Eggs, per dozen,	10 to 12½
Butter, per pound,	15 to 20
Tallow, " "	7 to 8
Beeswax, " "	20 to 00
Flax Seed, per bushel,	1 00 to 0 00
Potatoes, Irish, per bush	65 to 1 00
Potatoes, sweet, " "	75 to 80
Cabbage, per pound,	1½ to 2
Chickens, per dozen,	0 00 to 0 00
Hay, per hundred,	50 to 60
Fodder, per hundred bdls,	00 to 00
Shucks, per hundred lbs.,	00 to 00

Winston Tobacco Market.

REPORTED BY A. B. GORRELL.

Winston, N. C., June 2, 1880.

Lugs, Common green	2 50 to 3 00
" Good working	4 00 to 5 00
Fillers, Common leafy	5 50 to 7 00
" Good leafy	7 50 to 9 00
" Rich, waxy	10 00 to 12 00
Smokers, Common	5 00 to 7 00
" Good	7 50 to 9 00
" Fine	10 00 to 15 00
" Fancy	16 00 to 20 00
Rich, bright leaf	8 00 to 12 00
Sun cured fillers	7 00 to 11 00
Wrappers, Common bright	12 00 to 15 00
" Good bright	25 00 to 30 00
" Fine	35 00 to 50 00
" Fancy	55 00, 60 00 to 80 00
" Good red	12 00 to 16 00
Mahogany wrappers, common	14 00 to 18 00
" " good	20 00 to 50 00
" " fine	35 00 40 00 to 40 00

Breaks continue reasonably large with slight improvements in quality. Prices remain firm for all grades with some advance in common and medium stock. Note an active demand for good and fine mahogany and fancy wrappers—which are very scarce.

CHARLOTTE, May. 27.—Flour $3 25 a $3.25. Wheat 1 26 a 30. Corn 65 a 67. Oats 44 a 00. Bacon 7½ a 00. Potatoes, sweet, 30 00 a 0.

NEW YORK, June. 1.—Flour 5 25 a 5 85 Wheat $1 25 a $1 32. Corn 53 a 55. Oats 43 a 00.

CINCINNATI, June. 1.—Wheat 1 13 a 1 13; Corn 40 a 00; Oats, 36 a 00; Flour, $5 00 a 5 30.

MORTGAGE SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A MORTGAGE DEED, executed by B. F. Crosland and wife, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Forsyth County, North Carolina, in Book 9, I will sell on the 24th day of June, 1880, at public auction, at the Court-house door, in the town of Winston, N. C., the following real estate described in said mortgage, to-wit: A lot or parcel of land, situate in the town of Winston, and bounded as follows: Beginning on corner of Main and Third street, and running thence East on Third street 100 feet; thence North with A. B. Gorrell's line, 60 feet, to Martin Grogan's corner; thence with said Grogan's line West 30 feet; thence South 30 feet to P. A. Wilson's and B. F. Crosland's corner; thence West with said Wilson and Crosland's line, 70 feet to Main street; thence South with said street, 30 feet to the beginning, being a part of Lot No. 60, in the plan of said town of Winston, containing 3,900 square feet, more or less.

Terms of sale cash. Time of sale 12, M., June 24, 1880.

T. R. PURNELL,
May 20, 1880. Attorney for Mortgagee.

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them. Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other.

Hop Cough Cure is the sweetest, safest and best. Ask Children.

The Hop Pad for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys is superior to all others. Ask Druggists.

P. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. Send for circular.

All above sold by Druggists. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co. Rochester, N. Y.

A. C. VOGLER,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

ALL KINDS OF

FURNITURE,

COFFINS,

CASKETS, &c.,

MAIN STREET,

SALEM, N. C.

I have a new HEARSE and am prepared to attend burials at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. Undertaking in all its branches. A. C. V

May 6, 1880.—18

I. W. DURHAM,

PRACTICAL

Marble-Worker

AND DEALER IN

MONUMENTS

AND

TOMBSTONES.

WINSTON, N. C.

Write for Price List and Designs.
March 21—26-12—1 year.

SUPERLATIVE

BAKING POWDER.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

Absolutely Pure.

THE SUPERLATIVE BAKING POWDER is the standard article of the *United States* for strength and purity. The best article for general baking purposes.

It is the Cook's Favorite.

Warranted perfectly pure and superior to any thing of the kind now in the market, for healthfulness and strength, producing at all times the

Most Delicious Cookery.

For sale by Grocers or sent direct by mail on receipt of sixty (60) cents for one pound cans. Sold in Cans only.

Full Strength Guaranteed.

Address

SUPERLATIVE

Baking Powder Company,

143 Chambers St., New York.

Show this to your Grocer.

April 1, 1880.

The Event of the Season.

ON MARCH 10TH, 1880, will be published the FIRST NUMBER of

RIDLEY'S

Fashion Magazine,

CONTAINING IN ITS

100 Large Quarto Pages,

INTERESTING STORIES IN PROSE AND VERSE USEFUL HOME ARTICLES; AMUSING AND INSTRUCTIVE SKETCHES; TWO MAMMOTH FASHION PLATES; PROFUSE ILLUSTRATION OF THE FASHION OF THE DAY.

With the LOWEST NEW YORK PRICES of each article, *clearly stated*, affording an opportunity of SHOPPING in an INTELLIGENT and ECONOMICAL MANNER.

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309, 311, 311½ Grand Street,
58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70 Allen Street,
New York City, N. Y.

NOTICE.

FORSYTH COUNTY:

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of the late Mary A. Mangum, on the 13th day of March, A. D., 1880,—NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of the said Mary A. Mangum, to make immediate payment and settlement to me, or the claims will be put in the hands of an officer for collection; And all persons having claims against said estate will present them to me for settlement on or before the 20th day of March, 1881, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. N. S. COOK,

Public Adm'r. of Forsyth County.
March 13th, 1880.

FLAGG'S

IMPROVED PATENT LIVER PAD!

NEVER GETS HARD.

CAN BE MADE ANY STRENGTH DESIRED. LAST TWICE AS LONG.

Diseases Cured without Drugging the System.

CURES

Chills and Fever, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Rheumatism, Costiveness, Female Weakness, Sick & Nervous Headache.

These Pads Cure all Diseases by Absorption. No Noxious Pills, Oils, or Poisonous Medicines are taken into the Stomach. The Pads are worn over the Pit of the Stomach, covering the Great Nerve Centres, also the Liver and Stomach. A gentle Vegetable Tonic is absorbed into the circulation of the Blood and Liver, purifying the Blood, stimulating the Liver and Kidneys to healthy action, and strengthening the Stomach to digest food. PRICE OF PADS $1 AND $1 EACH. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, or sent by Mail or Express.

Manufactured at 39 & 41 NORTH LIBERTY ST., BALTIMORE, MD.

For sale in Winston at the Drug Stores of Montague & Gray, and S. H. Smith.

POETRY.

BURIED GEMS.

How many gems of thought beneath
The dust of toil lie buried;
How many o'er the bridge of sighs
To silent tombs are carried,
And never see the light of day—
Tho' their's is matchless beauty;
For hands that hold the richest gifts,
Must closest cling to duty.

How many hands ne'er dare to pluck
From life the wayside flowers;
How many feet must bleed and ache
In this bright world of ours;
While others sing the gayest songs,
And pluck the brightest roses;
For them the opening of each hour,
Some new found joy discloses.

How many sweet songs well to lips
That may not pause to sing them;
And sweet bells chime in many a heart
But there's no one to ring them.
God pity such whose rounded years
Are filled with care and trials,
Whose daily life is constantly
Made up of self-denials.

For those who toil in faith and hope
There must be rest at last;
For those who weep there must be joy,
When all these tears are past.
And there'll be gems for those who bear
Aloft the cross of duty—
Where the unfettered tongue shall sing
'Mid love, and joy, and beauty.

HUMOROUS.

—They had their usual evening quarrel as they sat by the hearth. On one side lay quietly a blinking dog, and on the other a purring cat; and the old woman pleaded with her growling husband: 'Yust look at dot gat unt tog; they never gwarrels unt fights like us.' 'Yah,' said the old growler: 'I know dot; but yust die dem together one dime, and den you see blazes!'

—It was proposed to erect a monument in the village square to the Father of his Country, and old Squire Higgins was called upon for a liberal donation. 'I can't give you anything this time,' he said; 'but you may know that I always carry Washington in my heart.' 'Well,' answered the man with the subscription paper, 'all I can say is that you've got the Father of his Country in a very tight spot.'

—A boy was caught in the act of stealing raisins in a shop, and was locked up in a dark closet by the grocer. The boy commenced begging most pathetically to be released, and, after using all the persuasion that his young imagination could invent, proposed, 'Sir, if you'll let me out and send for my daddy, he'll pay you for the raisins and lick me beside!' The appeal was too much for the grocer to resist.

—'Suppose,' asked a lady of the elevator boy, 'suppose the wire should break?' 'Then we'd all go down smash,' was the unpleasant reply. 'What!' exclaimed the lady horror-stricken, 'and break my neck!' 'Not necessarily,' was the quiet rejoinder; 'you might get killed without your neck being broken.'

—A man who was kept awake hour after hour by the barking of a dog, said he never wanted to use a shotgun so bad in his life. "What for—to shoot the dog?' asked a friend. 'No,' he replied, 'but to shoot the fool who wrote: ''Tis sweet to hear the watch-dog's honest bark.''

—Said the mistress of a cigar shop to a young Bohemian journalist: 'This is the sixth time that you have been here without saying a word about the money you owe me!' 'Ah, madam,' said the clever journalist, 'when one sees you, they forget everything.'

—The celebrated Lessing was forgetful, and having missed money at different times without being able to discover who took it, determined to put the honesty of his servant to a trial, and left a handfull of gold on the table. 'Of course, you counted it?' said one of his friends. 'Counted it?' said Lessing, rather embarrassed. 'No; I forgot that.'

'Ah, my darling wife,' said George the week after his marriage, 'if your husband were to die what would you do?' 'I don't know, I'm sure, George,' said the wife reflectively; 'I never thought of that. I must look into my 'Book of Etiquette' and read the rules for young widows.'

—'Unless you give me aid,' said a beggar to a benevolent lady, 'I'm afraid I shall have to resort to something which I greatly dislike to do.' The lady handed him a dollar and compassionately asked: 'What is it poor man, that I have saved you from?' 'Work,' was the mournful reply.

AGRICULTURAL.

Notes for the Farm

If you are troubled about the grain chest with mice, watch for their holes and scatter a little copperas in them. A few grains will drive them away.

If your horse is troubled with scratches mix up a little saltpeter and lard and put upon the sore part, renewed daily until cured. Keep clean by using castile soap.

Professor Dana says a cow will make about seventy pounds of manure a day, or twelve tons a year. This includes both solid and liquid, and is worth from $1 to $3 a ton.

It is generally conceded that sweet corn makes the most and best relished fodder for cows. The first seed costs more, but nothing in proportion to the benefit to the dairy.

If there is any truth in the following it is important: A statement comes from South America that a singular property of tomato leaves has been discovered by a fruit-grower. Having cut down some tomato vines he used them as a mulch around his peach trees. He soon discovered that the curculio, which was destroying his fruit, had abandoned the trees surrounded by the tomato vines. Following up this accidental discovery, the free use of tomato vines proved a perfect protection, not only against the curculio, but other noxious insects.

The *American Cultivator* says, it may be a comparatively slow operation to milch one cow in five minutes, while on the other hand ten minutes time might be called a quick operation in milking another. Any person whose hand is at all sensitive to the touch will, if he forces the milk down to the end of the teat faster than it can escape, find the milk rushing back, meantime the cow showing the movement to be one of pain. Always milk so that the operation shall be a pleasant one to the docile animal, affording her relief in the careful emptying of a full bag of its contents. Where care and gentleness are the rule in this particular, the cow will welcome the coming of the milkers as the approach of a friend.

Plowing land when it is very dry is nearly as hurtful as when it is very wet. But my experience is with heavy clay on land in which clay is an important constituent. Such land when plowed dry breaks up lumpy, and subsequent rains do not dissolve the lumps. It is my opinion that there is never a more suitable condition for plowing any soil that when it has enough moisture to cause the furrows to fall loosely from the plow, with no appearance of packing and no lumps.

The dairy stands in need of nothing more than a mechanical milking machine. It would reduce the expenses of dairying nearly one-half, and take from it the excess of worry and care that now burdens it. Ten cows to the milker is now the rule, that being as many as the average man can thoroughly milk in an hour. The great loss to the dairy is want of profitable work for these men between milking, as two men can feed as many cows as ten men can milk.

If every farmer's family knew what a luxury a bed of asparagus affords, and how easily it may be obtained, it is doubtful if more than a limited few would fail to have a bed started at once. The young plants, if they have not been grown at home, may be obtained at almost any nursery, and the planting and cultivation are as simple as that of a strawberry bed. The plants should grow two years before being cut for use.

It is now understood that a very important concession has been obtained from the British government, and that American cattle will be permitted the privilege of transit through Canada from one American port to another, with the privelege also of stopping for rest and other accommodations at some place in

The value of dairy products in the United States last year is estimated at 400,000,000 representing about 900,000,000 pounds, an average value of thirty-two dollars per cow. The exports of butter and cheese in the year are valued at $20,000,000.

Instead of putting coloring matter into butter direct, it is much better to put it into the cow in the shape of good sweet yellow corn meal, and it will "incidently" find its way into the butter.

On the 18th of March Alfred Harpole, of Colfax, McLean county, Illinois, sold in the Chicago market twenty-five head of yearling cattle of his own raising, weighing 1,156 pounds each, at 4½ cents—equal to $49.13 a head—not a bad price for yearlings.

1880. 1880.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED at Mrs. DOUTHIT'S, a large assortment of all kinds of

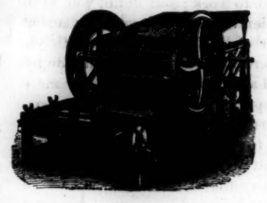
MILLINERY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
WHITE GOODS, &c., &c,

for the Spring and Summer of 1880, which will be sold cheap for cash.

All are invited to call.

MRS. T. B. DOUTHIT.
Salem, N. C., April 8, 1880.

THE SALEM Printing Office.



Having been engaged in the PRINTING BUSINESS, uninterruptedly for many years, we flatter ourselves that our experience enables us to execute

PRINTING

of every description, in the most satisfactory manner and at prices that will compare favorably with the

Best and Neatest Work

of the Northern Cities.

Our prices are as low, and often lower, than similar work can be done in larger establishments.

We can print at short notice

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,
PROGRAMMES, CARDS,
RECEIPTS, BLANKS,
POSTERS,
CHECKS,
TAGS,
LABELS,
NOTE, LETTER and BILLHEADS,
RECEIPTS and CARDS in PLAIN or FANCY COLORS.

SAMPLES OF OUR WORK

can always be examined at the Office.

Our office is supplied with excellent material, of the latest style, good and fast presses, which enables us to execute work promptly at

REDUCED PRICES.

Don't fail to give us a trial before having your printing done elsewhere.

Thanking our numerous friends for their liberal patronage heretofore received, we hope to continue to be favored with a fair share of work in our line.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.
Salem, N. C., April, 1880.

We publish
THE PEOPLE'S PRESS,
$1 50 a year.

BLUM'S
FARMER'S AND PLANTER'S
ALMANAC,
having the largest circulation in the State.
Sold everywhere.

GUIDE BOOK
OF
NORTH WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.
PRICE 25 CENTS.
New edition ready May 15th.

We print
THE ACADEMY,
A Monthly School Journal
OF SALEM ACADEMY.
50 CENTS A YEAR.

ANNUAL CATALOGUE
OF
SALEM FEMALE ACADEMY.

and refer the public to these publications as specimens of our work.

LAND FOR SALE.

The valuable tract of land, lying about 1 mile South-east of Salem, adjoining the lands of A. V. D. Lee and Harrison Reed, is offered for sale.

The tract contains about

FIFTY-FIVE ACRES,

30 of which is well timbered woodland.

The soil is well adapted for wheat, corn or tobacco. W. A. REICH.
Salem. N. C., March 11, 1880.

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby forbidden to trespass in any manner upon our lands, or to remove anything whatever from the land unless first having permission from the undersigned,

COOPER & HENDRICKS.
December 9, 1879. tf.

THE MORNING STAR.
DAILY, PUBLISHED BY WM. H. BERNARD
Wilmington, N. C.
Rates of Subscription in advance:

One copy one year (postage paid,)		$7.00
" " six months,	" "	4.00
" three months,	" "	2.00
" one month	" "	1.00

—50 ASSORTED CARDS; with name neatly printed, sent by mail to any address for 15 cents.

NEW GOODS

AT THE OLD STAND OF F. FRIES,

SALEM, N. C.

IN ORDER TO SUPPLY THE INCREASING DEMAND FOR GOODS AT THIS OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE, I have had a buyer in the Northern cities to make selections in person, and now have ready for inspection

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK,

to which I invite the attention of my old

Wholesale and Retail Customers,

and all who may wish to buy.

The stock is FULL in every branch, including

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, &c., &c.

It would be too tedious to enumerate all the attractions, but would particularly call attention to the fine selection of SHAWLS, DRESS GOODS, PLAIDS, OPERA, RED AND WHITE FLANNELS, REPELLANTS, CASHMERES, NOTIONS, GENTLEMEN'S & LADIES' FINE MERINO UNDERWEAR, ZIEGLER & BROTHER'S HAND SEWED BOOTS, AND LADIES' FINE SHOES.

I will also sell, as heretofore, the Goods of F. & H. FRIES, HOLT'S, RANDLEMAN'S AND CONCORD PLAIDS. Also the different brands of RANDOLPH SHEETINGS at FACTORY PRICES.

I have the agency for the sale of **J. & P. COAT'S CELEBRATED SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON,** at PHILADELPHIA PRICES. This thread is acknowledged to have no superior in the market.

I also continue the agency of the justly celebrated

AVERY PLOWS,

which have, by numerous trials, proved to be superior to any heretofore introduced in this section. In addition to their excellence, the price should induce every farmer to buy them.

Give me a call, and I will satisfy you that I intend to sell you

A GOOD BARGAIN

in anything I have to offer, as I have bought exclusively for CASH, thereby giving my customers the benefit of all cash discounts, and will sell my goods at a very short profit.

Salem, N. C., Oct. 23, 1879. **H. W. FRIES.**

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Hinshaw Brothers,

SHALLOWFORD ST., (OPPOSITE PIEDMONT WAREHOUSE).

WINSTON, N. C.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Generai Merchandise, Guano,

Grass Seeds, Fertilizers and Country Produce.

OUR EFFORTS TO BUILD UP A LARGE TRADE HAS BEEN CROWNED with success, and we have been compelled to double the size and capacity of our former storehouse, which gives us the best arranged and most convenient store-rooms in the State. We have added very many articles to our stock and separated our wholesale department from the retail and made it very complete and we are now pleased to offer to the Spring trade both wholesale and retail a stock, in quality, variety and magnitude, never before equaled in this market, and with our increased facilities and renewed energy, we intend to offer our customers greater inducements than ever before, and by pursuing the same course as heretofore, we hope and expect to achieve still greater results, and to merit the same. We will continue to have in stock a full line of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Calicos	Ladies' H'dfs,	Cottonades,	Putty,	Coffee,
Lawns,	Ladies' Ruffs,	Linens,	Locks,	Sugar,
Piques,	Ladies' Shawls,	Jeans,	Hinges,	Syrup,
Linens,	Ladies' Kid Gloves,	Cassimeres,	Screws,	Soda,
Poplins,	Perfumery,	Doeskins,	Kettles,	Fish,
Worsteds,	Ribbons,	Broadcloths,	Mule Shoes,	Salt,
Cashmeres,	Insertings.	Fries' Jeans,	Horse Shoes,	Meat,
Silks,	Hamburg Edgings,	Counterpanes,	Mattocks, Hoes,	Lard,
Grasscloths,	Plaids,	Shirts & Collars,	Horse Shoe Nails,	Flour,
Swiss Muslins,	Sheetings,	Ties & Suspenders,	Grindstones,	Meal,
Victoria Lawns,	Cotton Yarns,	Pocket Knives,	Oils & Lead,	Kegs,
Jaconets,	Drillings,	Knives & Forks,	Varnishes,	Tubs,
Bl'ched Domestic,	Cambrics,	Nails,	Drugs, Dye Stuffs,	Rope,
Ladies' Ties,	Osnabergs,	Axes,	Pat'nt Medicines,	Corn,
Ladies' Collars,	Flannels.	Hammers,	Leather,	Chop,
Ladies' Cuffs,	Hickory Shirtings,	Saws,	Crockery,	Oats,
Ladies' Hosiery,	Bed Ticking,	Glass,	Stationery,	Rye,

Paints, Notions of every description, White Goods, Trunks and Valises, Sole, Harness and Upper Leather, Blankets, Oil Cloths, Table Linens, Napkins, Umbrellas, &c. A large assortment of all colors and numbers of J. & P. Coats' SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON, always on hand, at same prices and on same terms that it is sold by the largest jobbing houses in America. You will save freight by buying from us. We continue to keep

Best Assortment of ALPACAS in Town,

and offer inducements in Ladies' Dress Goods. We are Sole Agents for the Winchester Cassimeres, Boots and Shoes, which are so well and favorably known that it is only necessary to state that we will offer this year a greater variety of both than ever before. Every pair of Shoes and Boots fully warranted.

It is a conceded fact that we carry a larger and better assorted stock and sell more Boots and Shoes than any house in this county.

Our Wholesale Department will be more complete this year than ever before, and we are fully prepared to meet all competition both here and elsewhere, and ask our country merchants to make a note of this.

20,000 BAGS FOR SALE, ON LIBERAL TERMS, THIS SPRING, OF

ALLISON & ADDISON'S

"STAR BRAND"

COMPLETE MANURE FOR TOBACCO.

Dried Fruits & Country Produce taken in exchange for Merchandise.

We invite all to come and examine our Stock and Prices before purchasing.

N. H. MEDEARIS, of Forsyth.
THOS. H. PEGRAM, Jr., of Winston,
J. W. MARTIN, of Davie,
W. H. BYNUM, of Stokes,
E. F. WALL, of Surry,
} Are with us as Salesmen, and invite their friends and acquaintances to call and see them.

Respectfully,

April 10, 1880. **HINSHAW BROTHERS**

ORGANS! PIANOS! MUSIC!

AND

GENERAL MUSICAL MERCHANDISE!

The people of Forsyth and surrounding Counties are invited to the

MUSIC STORE, MAIN ST., WINSTON,

to examine the stock of

FIRST-CLASS ORGANS and PIANOS.

W. P. ORMSBY is in direct connection with the leading manufacturers and he calls the attention of all parties needing instruments, to the fact that he is established here in their own section, and as he intends making good every warrant he gives with the instrtments he sells, they will find it much safer to deal with him than with the dealers advertising from remote parts of the country.

This being a BRANCH HOUSE of the celebrated music publishers, **DITSON & CO.,** of New York, customers can select from the newest and best music of the day. All orders filled, mail free, at publishers' rates.

Pianos and Organs repaired and tuned and Old Instruments taken in exchange.

Medical Men, Mechanics and Operators all recommend the famous light-running

Domestic Sewing Machine,

for the following reasons:

It is the Lightest running.
It is the most noiseless.
It is the simplest and best made machine.
Its tension is elastic, so it breaks no thread.
It carries a larger bobbin and more thread than any other machine.
It winds the bobbin without running the machine or throwing off the driving band.
It is made with *Concentric motions and will not wear out.*

The **DOMESTIC** has gone far ahead of all other machines in all the cities of the United States, and has never before been offered in competition with cheap machines.

For terms, for **CASH** or **INSTALLMENT,** call at the Company's

BRANCH OFFICE,

in the **MUSIC STORE.** Winston, opposite the Merchants Hotel.

Old Machines taken in Exchange,

W. P. ORMSBY, **Agent.**
WINSTON, N. C.

November 13, 1879. No. 46. 6mo.

Nissen Wagon Manufacturing Co

Wagons, Carts, Wheelbarrows, &c.

Post Office
SALEM, N. C.

WORKS AT
Waughtown.

ESTABLISHED BY J. P. NISSEN, 1834.

Best is always cheapest in the end.

WE are better prepared for making wagons than ever before, having a much larger and better stock of thoroughly air-seasoned lumber, and the best wagon mechanics to be procured.

We employ no apprentices, and always endeavor to make

OUR WORK OUR BEST ADVERTISEMENT AND GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

All who use wagons must not forget that first-class work cost more and is worth more than cheap work.

We also keep a large stock of **BUILDING LUMBER and LONG LEAF SHINGLES,** at lowest prices.

Waughtown, Forsyth County, N. C., Feb 27, 1878—no9tf.

JOHN GATLING, President, W. H. CROW, Vice-President
W. S. PRIMROSE, Secretary and Treasurer,
P. COWPER Adjuster and Supervisor.

NORTH CAROLINA

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,

RALEIGH, N. C.

INSURES ALL CLASSES OF

Insurable Property,

Against Loss or Damage by Fire.

On the Most Reasonable Terms.

☞ **Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.** ☜

☞ **Encourage Home Institutions.** ☜

J. W. BEARD, Agent, at Kernersville, N. C.
J. A. LINEBACK, Agent, at Salem, N. C.

NOTION & VARIETY STORE,

SALEM, N. C

REMOVED TO THE BELO BUILDING.

LADIES:

Anticipating a fine trade this season, we have bought largely, and now have the pleasure of inviting your attention to

AN ATTRACTIVE SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

at prices surprisingly cheap.

A beautiful line of Galloon and Hercules Braids, Ball and other Worsted Fringes, so much in demand for Cloak and Dress Trimmings.

Newest styles in Buttons, Gloves, Hosiery, Ribbons, Laces, Neckwear, &c.

A full line of Zephyrs, Germantown and Shetland Wools always on hand.

Have just added to our Stock a nice line of Perfumeries, Hair Oils, &c.

We call particular attention to our beautiful line of Glass and Lava Ware suitable for Christmas and Birthday presents *just received*, consisting of Toilet Setts, Vases, Card Stands

☞ Those at a distance will be amply repaid by a to our Store.

In the selection of Goods the interest of the customer is kept constantly in view, knowing that taking care of those who buy of us is equivalent o taking care of ourselves, that is, winning our customers' confidence and their continued patronage.

Respectfully,

April 1880 **J. BLICKENDERFER**